## CALENDAR YEAR 2013 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT

CERTIFICATION REPORT TOWN OF WEBB PWS ID # ('s): 0680012

2014 JUL - 1 PH 4: 24

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The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act requires each *community* public water system to develop and distribute a consumer confidence report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request.

Please.	Answer the F	ollowing Questions Regarding the Co	nsumer Confidence	Report
	Customers w	ere informed of availability of CCR b	y: (Attach copy of pr	ublication, water bill, or other)
	000	Advertisement in local paper On water bills Other		
	Date custom	ors were informed:		
	CCR was dis	tributed by mail or other direct deliver	ct delivery methods:	
	Date	mailed/distributed: <u>June 21.</u>		
	Nam	olished in local newspaper. <i>(Attach co</i> of Newspaper:Published:	and proof of publication)	
	CCR was po	ted in public places. (Attach list of loc	cations)	
-	Date	posted: June 21, 2014	Community C	Hall United States Post Off
	FICATION:	ted on a publicly accessible internet's	ite at me address: w	ww:
I hereby system correct	y certify that a in the form ar and is consist	Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) d manner identified above. I further cont with the water quality monitoring artment of Health, Bureau of Public V	ertify that the information and the place of the provided to t	ation included in this CCR is true and
Name/Titl	e (President, Maye	, Owner, etc.)		Date
		dence Report (CCR) was completed ber System and is certified only to be a		ion, LLC with information provided by e information provided.
Su	Sas Bo	i	6.12.	14
Signature		0		Date ·
	<u>Mail co</u>	Division of Pu P O B	your CCR Report( ertment of Health blic Water Supply ox 1700 MS 30215	s) before JULY 1, 2014 to:

Phone: 601-576-7518

## Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Town of Webb PWS ID # 0680012

June, 2014

2014 JUL - 1 PH 4: 24

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We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source consists of wells that draw from the Winona Tallahatta Aquifer,

A source water assessment has been completed for the water supply to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water to identify potential sources of contamination. The water supply for the Town of Webb received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

We're pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Bobby Brown at 662-721-7534. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at Webb Town Hall at 5:00 p.m.

The Town of Webb routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2013. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

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Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic C	Contami	nants						
10. Barium	N		0,038	No Range	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	И		4.7	No Range	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	1/1/09 to 12/31/11*	0.5	None	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride	N		0.263	No Range	ppm	4		Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	1/1/09 to 12/31/11*	1	None	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Nickel	N		.0058	No Range	ppm	0,1	0.1	Discharge from chemical factories, metal refineries and petroleum refineries
Disinfectan	ts & Di	sinfectant	By-Pro	ducts				
Chlorine (as Cl2)	N	1/1/13 to 12/31/13	1.30	0.90 to 1.50	ppm	4	. 4	Water additive used to control microbes
73. TTHM [Total tri- halomethanes]	N	2011*	49.3	No Range	ppb	0	80	By-product of drinking water chlorination
HAA5	Ŋ	2011*	12.0	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-product of drinking water chlorination

<sup>\*</sup> Most recent sample results available

## Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Town of Webb is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health I aboratory offers lead testing for \$10 per sample. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

(FAX)

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

This report being published in the paper will not be mailed. Please call our office if you would like a copy or have any questions.

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